

## LENSTAR 900 Improving outcomes

**Tradition and Innovation** – Since 1858, visionary thinking and a fascination with technology have guided us to develop innovative products of outstanding reliability: Anticipating trends to improve the quality of life.



02 | 03 LENSTAR 900

### Lenstar 900 Outstanding optic measurement results

While the introduction of optical biometry revolutionized cataract surgery in the late 1990s, Haag-Streit is writing the latest chapter in biometry history with its Lenstar 900.

The Lenstar 900 provides highly accurate laser optic measurements for every section of the eye – from the cornea to the retina – and is the first optical biometer on the market that can measure the thickness of the crystalline lens. With its integrated Hill-RBF, Olsen and Barrett formulas and the optional IOL Toric Planner considering the posterior cornea, the Lenstar 900 provides the user with latest technology in IOL prediction for any patient.

Dual zone keratometry, with 32 measurement locations or topography measurement with the optional T-Cone, provides reliable and precise measurements for the K values, axis, and astigmatism that are essential to the sophisticated planning of toric lenses<sup>2,3</sup>. The Lenstar 900 offers the optimal planning platform for superior refractive outcomes in cataract surgery, both now and in the future.



# Precise measuring data for the Hill-RBF Method

Lenstar 900's precise measurement technique in combination with the unique Hill-RBF Method allows accurate prediction of the IOL power for every type of eye. To improve refractive outcomes, Lenstar 900 is the optimal choice.

#### Perfect K values – best toric results

The Lenstar 900 features dual zone keratometry or T-Cone topography for precise astigmatism and axis measurement<sup>2,3</sup>. The integrated Toric Calculator featuring Barrett<sup>12</sup>, Hill-RBF and Olsen predicts toric IOL power, considering the posterior cornea for best refractive outcomes.

# For post-refractive cases – quick and reliable

Barrett True-K, Shammas No-History and Masket IOL calculation methodologies can be used for post-refractive patients even without any clinical history available <sup>5,6,13</sup>.

04 | 05 EXPERT OPINION

### Lenstar 900 an excellent choice for toric and premium channel IOLs

The Lenstar 900 is a remarkably easy to use all-in-one IOL power calculation tool that delivers exceptionally accurate axial length, anterior chamber depth and lens thickness by optical biometry. At the same time, its dual zone autokeratometry feature is precise and uniformly consistent. The Lenstar 900 is an excellent choice for surgeons migrating towards torics and other premium channel IOLs where highly accurate outcomes are critical for success. «

WARREN E. HILL, MD, FACS MESA, ARIZONA, USA



# Topography for torics – match the axis

With the optional T-Cone toric platform, the axis and astigmatism measurement of Lenstar 900 is extended with true 11-ring Placido topography. This additional data improves the efficacy and safety of toric IOL surgery, eliminating the risk of irregularities and allowing the user to double check the axis location on the topography maps as well as in the surgical planning sketch on high resolution images of the patient's eye. The T-Cone is combined with the EyeSuite IOL Toric Planner for optimal planning of the intervention based on the Barrett Toric Calculator.

#### DUAL ZONE KERATOMETRY OR T-CONE TOPOGRAPHY

# Precise measurements and intuitive planning – best toric results

Lenstar 900's unique dual zone keratometry provides axis and astigmatism measurements,, equivalent to the "Gold Standard" manual keratometry<sup>2,3</sup>recommended for toric IOL power calculations by manufacturers. The closely spaced 32 measurement point pattern improves precision, both delivering more data and minimizing the need for software data interpolation.

Optionally, the Lenstar 900 can be equipped with the T-Cone topography add-on. That feature not only enables axis and astigmatism measurements but also offers full topography maps of the central 6mm optical zone. In addition to topography, EyeSuite IOL also now features a toric IOL planning platform that is included with the T-Cone.

#### QUICK AND RELIABLE BIOMETRY FOR ALL EYES

# Fast, precise and comprehensive for better refractive results

The measurement process of the Lenstar 900 is fast and optimized to ensure maximum patient comfort – users report five scans of both eyes in three minutes or less, optionally the Automated Positioning System (APS) features dynamic eye-tracking allowing easy automated measurement acquisition with a single click. The Dens Cataract Measurement (DCM) Mode ensures state-of-the-art cataract penetration. Each of the measurements can be validated for efficacy and adjusted, if necessary, to ensure complete biometry accuracy.

In addition to the Hill-RBF, Barrett, Olsen and standard IOL calculation formulae EyeSuite IOL provides the user with a set of premium IOL calculation formulae for post-keratorefractive patients. Barrett True-K, Shammas No-History, and Masket formulae have proven their efficacy in several peerreviewed studies and may be regarded as best-in-class<sup>5,6,13</sup>.





DUAL ZONE KERATOMETRY OR T-CONE TOPOGRAPHY



APS - EFFICIENT AND ACCURATE

06 | 07 LENSTAR 900 MEASUREMENTS

### Complete optical biometry The all-in-one optical biometer and IOL planning platform

AI

Optical coherence biometry has revolutionized cataract surgery. Featuring OLCR technology, Lenstar 900 is redefining optical coherence biometry.

Cutting-edge, multivariable IOL calculation formulae, such as the Olsen, Barrett, Holladay 2 formula or Hill-RBF Method for sophisticated IOL calculation, demand more than just the axial length and keratometry measurement. Lenstar 900 provides all the key biometric parameters simultaneously.

In a single measurement scan and using optical low coherence reflectometry (OLCR), Lenstar 900 captures axial dimensions of all of the human eye's optical structures. Additionally, Lenstar 900 measures corneal curvature, white-to-white and more.

#### Central corneal thickness<sup>cct</sup>

As for every other Lenstar 900 axial measurement, optical coherence biometry is used to measure CCT with stunning reproducibility of  $\pm 2 \,\mu$ m. CCT is a key parameter in glaucoma diagnosis, and is also used for laser refractive surgery and/or to differentiate prior myopic or hyperopic LASIK procedures when there is no patient history.

#### Keratometry <sup>K</sup>/Topography<sup>Topo</sup> Lenstar 900's unique dual zone keratometry, featuring 32 marker points, pro-

Lenstar 900's unique dual zone keratometry, featuring 32 marker points, provides perfect spherical equivalent<sup>7</sup>, magnitude of astigmatism and axis position<sup>2,3</sup>, making it the biometer of choice for toric IOLs. With the optional T-Cone topography add-on, Lenstar 900 provides full topography maps of the central 6 mm optical zone that are crucial for cataract planning.

#### White-to-white www

Based on high-resolution color photography of the eye, every white-to-white measurement can be reviewed and adjusted by the user if necessary. As such, it is fully reliable for use with anterior chamber and sulcus-fixated phakic IOLs. It can also be used to determine advanced IOL calculation formulae.

## Pupillometry PD

Measurement of the pupil diameter in ambient light conditions can be used as an indicator for the patient's suitability for apodized premium IOLs, as well as for laser refractive procedures.

#### Lens thickness<sup>LT</sup>

ACD CCT

LT

Accurate measurement of the lens thickness is key to optimal IOL prediction accuracy when using the latest IOL calculation formulae, Olsen or Holladay 2. Measuring the lens thickness with Lenstar 900 significantly improves the IOL prediction accuracy of Holladay 2 and leads to a different IOL power selection in 30% of cases<sup>4</sup>.

## Anterior chamber depth<sup>ACD</sup>

Like all axial dimensions captured by the Lenstar 900, ACD is measured by optical coherence biometry, providing more precision and reproducibility<sup>7</sup>. This allows ACD to be measured on phakic as well as on pseudophakic eyes<sup>8</sup>. Additionally, the Lenstar 900 is able to display the anatomical anterior chamber depth (endothelium to anterior lens surface).

#### Axial length<sup>AL</sup>

OLCR technology, using a superluminescent diode as the laser source, enables measurement of the axial length of the patient's eye, precisely on the patient's visual axis and in the presence of dense media.

The user can review and move all of the measuring gate positions on the A-scan if necessary.

The Lenstar 900 A-scan appears very similar to an immersion ultrasound scan, for easy user interpretation. The advanced digital signal processing used with the Dens Cataract Measurement (DCM) mode provides cutting-edge performance with respect to penetration rates.

#### Special eye conditions

All of the described measurements are available for use on the regular eye, as well as for aphakic, pseudoaphakic and silicone oil-filled eyes. In case of error, users may even change the selected eye condition after completion of the measurement procedure.

08 | 09 IOL CALCULATION

## Intuitive and efficient The ultimate platform for toric IOL planning

Lenstar 900 features a unique dual zone keratometer with a total of 32 marker points on two concentric rings of 1.65 and 2.3 mm in diameter for improved refractive outcomes with toric lenses<sup>2,3</sup>. It has now been complemented with an optional T-Cone topography add-on and the optional toric surgery planning platform EyeSuite IOL Toric Planner. The T-Cone enables the Lenstar 900 to provide true Placido topography of the central 6mm optical zone. The toric surgery planning platform allows planning and optimization of the surgical procedure based on high-resolution and true color eye images taken with the Lenstar 900, either in combination with the T-Cone, or simply based on the dual zone keratometry of the standard unit. The IOL Toric Planner shows the implantation axis, the incision location and user-defined guiding meridians in the real patient image. Calculation of the toric IOL performed with the Barrett Toric Calculator, considers the front and back surface of the cornea as

well as lens shape for optimum calculation results. The Barrett Toric Calculator demonstrated its superiority in studies<sup>12,14</sup> and is the choice of the ASCRS as well as the APACRS for their online toric calculators.

Incision optimization tools allow for precise placement of the incision to minimize the residual astigmatism based on the surgically induced astigmatism. Alternatively, the incision location is fixed and the optimal toric IOL is provided.

Planning of the operation on real eye images allows the user to define recognizable, additional guiding lines to anatomical landmarks in the intraoperative view. They either serve as a base line point for the intraoperative orientation or as a fallback strategy if external marking is not successful. The planning sketch can easily be printed and hung near the microscope.



#### HILL-RBF METHOD A new approach for IOL power selection

The Hill-RBF Method is a purely data driven IOL calculation technique incorporating pattern recognition based in artificial intelligence and sophisticated data interpolation. It features a boundary model for improved accuracy and confidence. RBF stands for Radial Basis activation Function a method used in mathematical modeling. The Hill-RBF Method performs as good in short and long eyes<sup>15</sup>. Used on short eyes, it clearly outperforms Holladay<sup>16</sup> and Hoffer Q<sup>16</sup> and shows slightly better results than latest theoretical formula<sup>16</sup>. The elemental advantage is achieved through the process of adaptive, dynamic learning. Unlike static theoretical formulae, the Hill-RBF Method is an ongoing project and is continuously updating for an even better overall depth of accuracy.

# Get the IOL position right – every time

Estimating the postoperative IOL position is the key aim, but also the proverbial Achilles heel, of any IOL calculation formula. With its unique concept of the C-Constant, the Olsen formula calculates the postoperative lens position as a fraction of the crystalline lens thickness and the ACD. This approach allows accurate calculation of the lens position independent of the corneal status of the eye. The lens position is then used to calculate the IOL power based on ray tracing, the same technology used to design telescopes and camera lenses.

#### POST-REFRACTIVE IOL CALCULATION

#### Barrett True-K, Shammas No-History and Masket – for premium results

The EyeSuite software for Lenstar 900 provides the user with a comprehensive set of cutting-edge IOL calculation formulae for normal eyes. IOL Power calculation in patients with prior RK, LASIK or PRK, presenting with no history, is easily achieved with the on-board Barrett True-K, True-K Toric and Shammas No-History method.<sup>5,6,13</sup> If the change in refraction is known, then the Barrett True-K with history, Masket and modified Masket formulae<sup>5,6,13</sup> may also be used.



HILL-RBF METHOD





#### 10 | 11 EYESUITE PLATFORM

## Connectivity is key Open data and an intuitive user interface for optimal workflow

The EyeSuite software is designed for optimal patient flow in busy practices. Paired with Lenstar 900's one scan – get all measurements technology and the Automated Positioning System (APS) biometry acquisition is fast.

Sophisticated capture and analysis algorithms – as well as the possibility to review raw data of every parameter in detail to ensure correct measurement – result in full transparency and confidence that the biometry is accurate and precise.

With EyeSuite software, Lenstar 900 is fully networkable and allows full real-time access to all data in a practice. Surgeons can check their biometry results or recalculate an IOL even in the OR. Further, the EyeSuite script language or standardized interfaces, such as GDT or DICOM, connect easily to almost any electronic medical record system (EMR).

EyeSuite's open data interface, combined with Lenstar 900's separate computer, allows autopopulation of the data fields in the latest fourth generation calculation tools – such as Holladay 2, the Holladay toric calculator (Holladay IOL Consultant) and Olsen (PhacoOptics). This not only saves valuable staff time, it also eliminates the risk of transcription errors.



12 | 13 LENSTAR 900 FAMILY AND OPTIONS

## Your choice Lenstar 900 family and options – get the right tool for your needs

The Lenstar 900 is now available in two basic versions: Lenstar 900 Essential and Lenstar 900 Pro.

The Lenstar 900 Essential provides all basic functionalities of a stand-alone optical biometer for standard cataract care in a busy practice. As such the Lenstar 900 Essential features the unique Automated Positioning System (APS) as a standard, allowing automatic measurement acquisitions at a single click. A Lenstar 900 Essential may be upgraded on site to Pro at any time, offering the full range of functionality of the Pro version and access to all options available.

The Lenstar 900 Pro features latest IOL calculation methodologies and more, for advanced technology IOL planning and allows access to all options like the T-Cone Toric Platform or the EyeSuite IOL Toric Planner. Furthermore it provides the user with full control over all raw measurements for quality check and with the possibility to easily export any measurement data for research purposes. Networkability is another feature of the Pro version allowing access to the measurements and IOL calculation from any PC in the practice.

Options to the Lenstar 900 Pro are the T-Cone Toric Platform, providing true Placido Topography of the central 6 mm of the cornea for the comprehensive planning of toric IOL, combined with the EyeSuite IOL Toric Planner, which is available as an independent option as well.

The Toric planner enables the user to calculate the toric IOL based on the Barrett Toric including the True-K Toric formula for post refractive patients and to draw operation sketches based on high resolution eye images of the patient. The sketches feature axis of implantation, flat and steep meridian of the cornea, incision location and size, as well as location of user selected anatomic landmarks for accurate transfer of the plan to surgery.



		Lenstar 900 Essential	Lenstar 90 Pro
Operation	Multi user system		
	Dense Cataract Measurement Mode (DCM)		
	Automated Positioning System (APS)		0
Measurements	Axial length (AL)		
	Central corneal thickness (CCT)		
	Anterior chamber depth (ACD)		
	Anatomic ACD (AD)		
	Lens thickness (LT)		
	Keratometry (K)		
	Topography (Topo)		0*
	White to white (WTW)		
	Pupillometry (PD)		
Quality control	Display of standard deviation of repeated measure- ments		
	Access to A-scan and imaging data		
	Manual adjustments of measurement gates		
IOL Calculation	Hill-RBF Method		
	Hill-RBE / Abulafia Koch Toric		
	Barrett Universal II		
	Barrett True-K		
	Barrett True-K Toric		
	Barrett Toric		
	Haigis		
	HofferQ		
	Holladay 1		
	Olsen		
	SRK II and SRK/T		
	Masket / Modified Masket		
	Shammas No-History		
OL constants	Personalisation of IOL constants		
Networkability	Electronic medical record interfaces (EyeSuite Script		
	Language, GDT, EyeSuite Command Line Interface)		
	DICOM (SCU)	0	0
	IOL calculation on additional workstations	_	
	EyeSuite viewing stations		
	included	Oontic	nally availab

O\* This option is part of the T-Cone Toric Platform

# Technical specifications Lenstar LS 900

#### Measured variables and modes

Corneal thickness ct		Keratometry <sup>ĸ</sup>		Onboard IOL calculation formulae	
Measurement range	300-800µm	Measurement range		Hill-RBF Method, Hill-RBF/Abulafia-	
Display resolution	1µm	for radius	5–10.5mm	Koch Toric Calculator, Olsen, Barrett	
		Display resolution	0.01mm	Universal II, Barrett True-K, Barrett	
Anterior chamber depth ACD		Measurement range	0-180°	True-K Toric ,Barrett Toric, Haigis, Hof-	
Measurement range	1.5-6.5mm	for axis angle		ferQ, Holladay 1, SRK/T, SRK II, Masket,	
Display resolution	0.01mm	Display resolution	1°	Modified Masket, Shammas No-History	
Lens thickness LT		Pupillometry PD		IOL calculation data interfaces	
Measurement range	0.5-6.5mm	Measurement range	2–13mm	Holladay IOL Consultant Profes-	
Display resolution	0.01mm	Display resolution	0.01mm	sional Edition (Holladay 2 formula and Holladay toric calculator) <sup>9</sup>	
Axial length AL		Measurement modes		<ul> <li>PhacoOptics (Olsen formula)<sup>10</sup></li> </ul>	
Measurement range	14-32mm	'Normal' eye		<ul> <li>Okulix (Ray-Tracing by</li> </ul>	
Display resolution	0.01mm	Aphakic eye		Prof. Preussner) <sup>11</sup>	
		Pseudophakic eye			
White-to-white distance wTW		Silicone-filled eye		Electronic medical record	
Measurement range	7–16mm	Combination of the above		system interfaces	
Display resolution	0.01mm			DICOM (SCU)	
		Laser safety		<ul> <li>EyeSuite Script Language</li> </ul>	
		Class 1 laser product		• GDT	
		•		<ul> <li>EyeSuite command line interface</li> </ul>	

The above-mentioned measurement ranges are based on the standard settings of the device for automatic measurement and analysis.

#### Lenstar LS 900 Optical Biometer Intended Use

The Lenstar LS 900 is a non-invasive, non-contact OLCR (optical low-coherence reflectometry) biometer used for obtaining ocular measurements and performing calculations to assist in the determination of the appropriate power and type of IOL (intraocular lens) for implantation after removal of the natural crystalline lens.

#### The Lenstar LS 900 measures:

- Axial length
- Corneal thickness
- Anterior chamber depth
- Aqueous depth
- Lens thickness

- Corneal curvature
- · Radii for flat and steep meridian
- Axis of the flat meridian
- White-to-white distance
- Pupil diameter

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